

# Weekly PRO 140 Antibody Injections Successfully Combat HIV in Some

June 27, 2016

---

CytoDyn's monoclonal antibody PRO 140 injected once a week suppressed HIV in some people living with the virus for well over a year, without the need for antiretroviral (ARV) treatment, Medscape reports. Findings from a Phase IIb study of the therapy were presented at the American Society for Microbiology (ASM) Microbe 2016 meeting in Boston.

PRO 140 is a cloned antibody that binds to the CCR5 coreceptor on the surface of CD4 cells, onto which most HIV latches in order to infect them. HIV that latches onto this coreceptor, as opposed to the CXCR4 coreceptor, is known as R5 tropic. PRO 140 has gained a certain amount of fame recently on account of [Charlie Sheen's professed interest](#) in participating in an advanced trial of the treatment.

The study included 28 HIV-positive adults who had R5-tropic HIV and had been on successful ARV treatment for a year with no changes in their regimen during the previous four weeks.

The participants went off their ARVs a week after the researchers started giving them weekly subcutaneous (under the skin) injections of PRO 140 for up to 12 weeks.

Fifteen of the participants (54 percent) maintained viral suppression 12 weeks into the study and were put into an extension arm of the trial in which they were trained to inject themselves with PRO 140 and instructed to do so for an additional 108 weeks. The remaining participants went back on ARVs and all achieved a fully suppressed viral load.

Four of the 15 participants in the extension arm experienced virologic failure and restarted ARVs. Another participant moved and withdrew consent for the study as a result. The remaining 10 (36 percent of the original group) completed 70 weeks of PRO 140. Seven of them maintained an undetectable viral load, and the remaining had viral loads below 40. According to an extra-sensitive assay, six of them had a viral load below 1, two had a viral load of 2 to 4 and one had a viral load of 39.9. This assay was not conducted on one of those seven participants.

The health events that participants experienced and that the researchers deemed related to PRO 140 were mild or moderate injection-site reactions. The treatment has proved generally well tolerated in both intravenous and subcutaneous forms. No participants who have received PRO 140 in trials have experienced serious adverse health events and the treatment appears nontoxic.

To read the Medscape article, [click here](#) (free registration with the site is required).

---

© 2026 Smart + Strong All Rights Reserved.

<http://beta.docker.poz.com/article/weekly-pro-140-antibody-injections-successfully-combat-hiv>