



Plant Compound Inhibits HIV Enzyme Better Than AZT

Scientists were also able to synthesize the newfound compound, saving the trouble of relying on plant growth for any production.

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A compound derived from a plant found in Southeast Asia more greatly inhibited a key viral enzyme of HIV-infected human cells than AZT. Known as patentiflorin A, the chemical comes from the willow-leaved *Justicia*, a plant traditionally used for arthritis and rheumatism treatment.

Publishing their findings in the *Journal of Natural Products*, researchers screened more than 4,500 plant extracts in search for sources of new treatment for HIV, tuberculosis (TB), malaria and cancer.

Studying patentiflorin A's effects on HIV-infected human cells in a laboratory setting, the investigators found that it inhibited reverse transcriptase, an enzyme crucial to HIV's lifecycle, better than AZT.

The scientists also found a way to synthesize the compound, saving the trouble of having to rely on plant growth for any future production.

To read a press release about the study, [click here](#).

To read the study abstract, [click here](#).

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